St Denys Primary School



Year 1 and Year 2
Home Learning

Week beginning: 6th July 2020

Creativity, Choice, Challenge Achievement for All

Year 1 and Year 2 - Home Learning

Whilst we are not expecting you to replicate school at home, it will be important that you all try to do some work each school day to keep your skills up.

And don't forget to stay active!

In this booklet you will find a range of different activities and tasks that you can choose to complete during the week.

There is also a separate booklet for each class that will contain your new phonics and number tasks. These can be collected from the school office or downloaded online.

Each morning your teacher will still be saying 'Hello' on Class Dojo. You'll also be able to ask any questions or just them about what you have been up to! As your teachers will be in school, remember they might not be able to respond straight away. You will still be able to post things to your Class Dojo portfolio but it might not always be your teacher who approves and leaves comments for you.

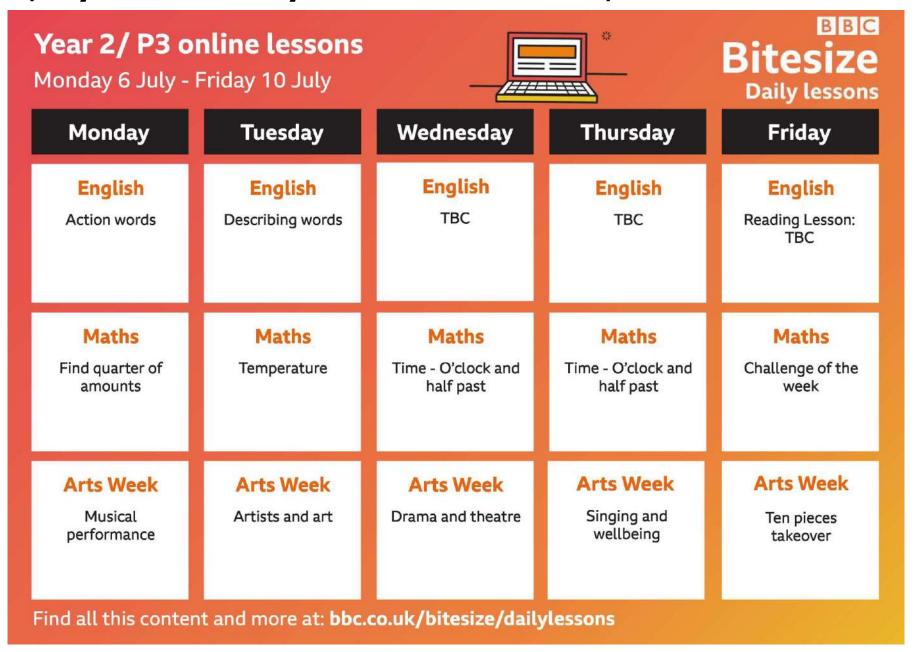


Class 1, if you want to try some online lessons, check out BBC Bitesize.

Year 1/ P2 o Monday 6 July -	nline lessons Friday 10 July				
Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	
English Action words	English Describing words	English TBC	English TBC	English Reading Lesson: TBC	
Maths Find half of objects	Maths Find half of amounts	Maths Find quarter of objects	Maths Find quarter of objects	Maths Challenge of the week	
Arts Week Musical performance	Arts Week Artists and art	Arts Week Drama and theatre	Arts Week Singing and wellbeing	Arts Week Ten pieces takeover	
Find all this content and more at: bbc.co.uk/bitesize/dailylessons					

Lessons are available daily. Here is the schedule for this week.

Class 2, if you want to try some online lessons, check out BBC Bitesize.

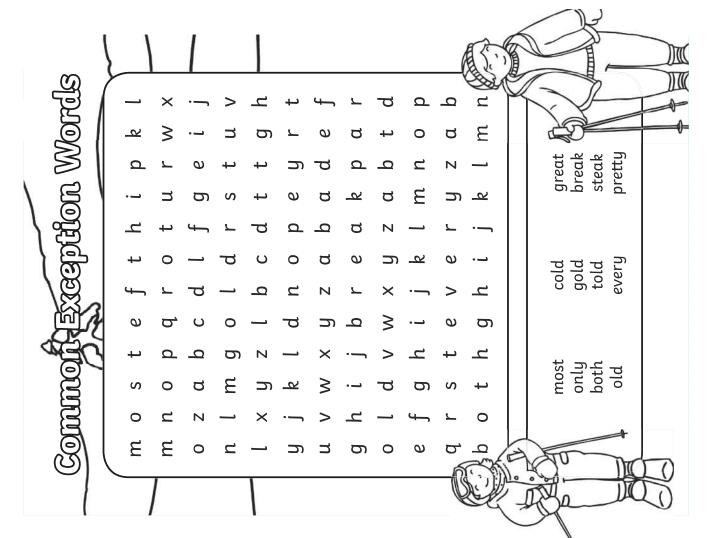


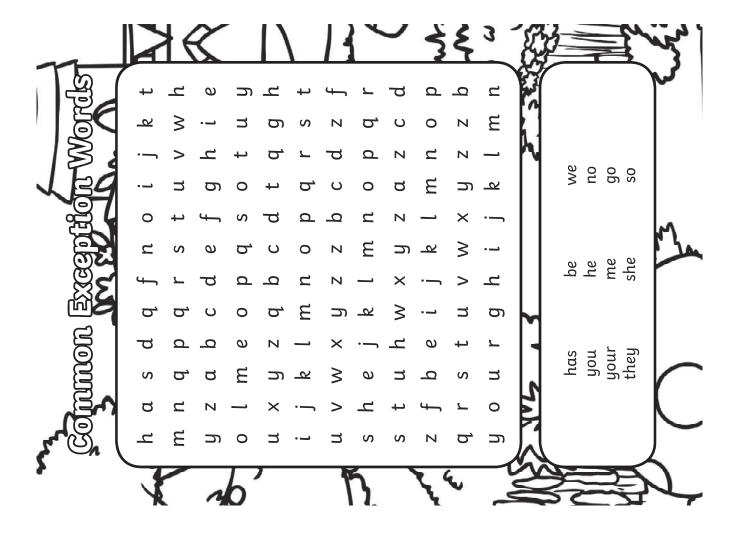
Lessons are available daily. Here is the schedule for this week.

Year 1 and Year 2 Spelling Words

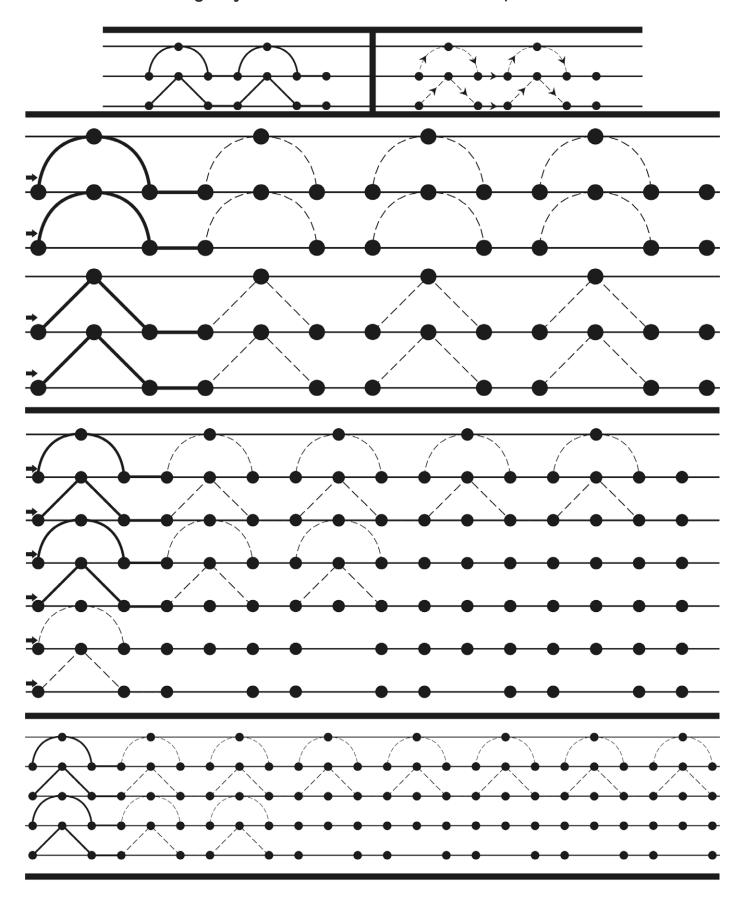
the	come	go	mind	clothes	past	sugar
α	some	so	floor	cold	father	could
do	one	by	because	gold	class	would
to	once	my	kind	hold	water	sure
today	ask	here	behind	told	again	eye
of	friend	there	whole	every	grass	should
said	school	where	any	great	pass	who
says	put	love	child	break	plant	Mr
your	are	push	wild	steak	path	Mrs
they	were	pull	most	busy	bath	parents
be	was	full	both	people	hour	Christmas
he	is	house	children	pretty	move	everybody
me	his	our	climb	beautiful	prove	even
she	has	door	only	after	half	
we	I	poor	old	fast	money	
no	you	find	many	last	improve	

How many of these words can you read? Can you choose a word and use it in a sentence?

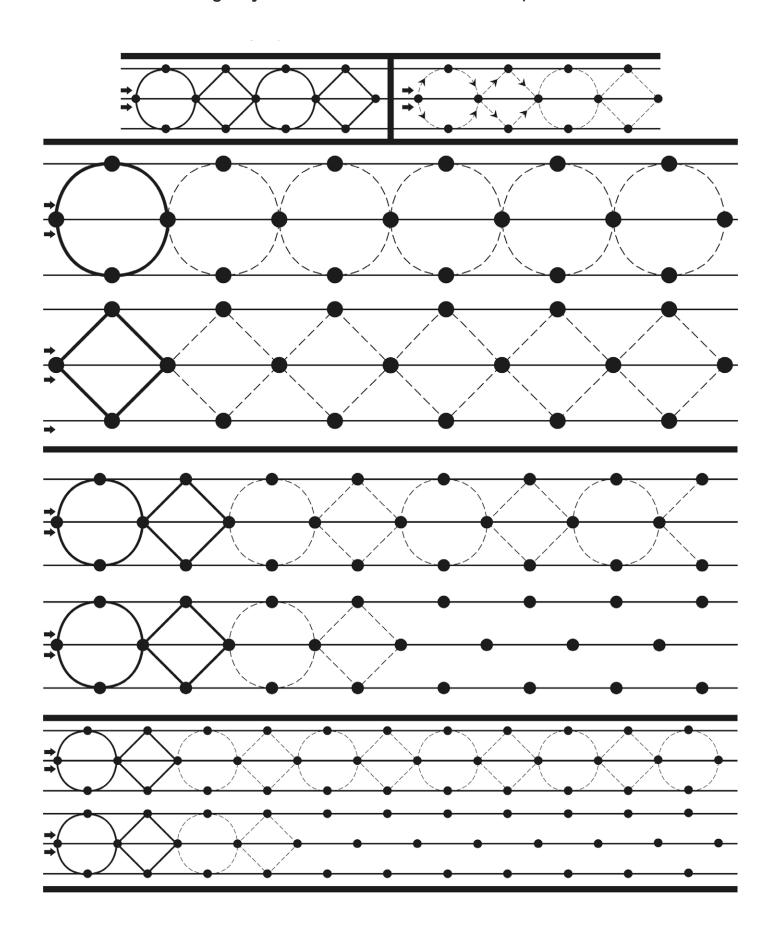




Can you follow the lines to make the patterns?



Can you follow the lines to make the patterns?



Months of the Year

Practise your weekly spelling words using cursive handwriting.

Months of the Year and Time

Practise your weekly spelling words using cursive handwriting.

November	
December	
after	
past	
hour	
half	
minute	
quarter	
second	

Can you use these pictures of characters and important objects to retell the fairy tale of **Little Red Riding Hood**?



Have a go writing some sentences to retell the story of Little Red Riding Hood. Choose part of the story and draw a picture to show what is happening.



Seren's Seasons

Nain had a big cupboard full of Seren's clothes. "Will it snow soon?" asked Seren. "Shall we take out my snow boots?"

"It doesn't usually snow in spring," said Nain.



Seren put the spring clothes into her drawers, leaving her snow boots in the cupboard.



Spring brought lots of different weather. When it was cloudy, Seren lay on the dewy grass, spotting the shapes in the sky. When there was a cool breeze, Seren could smell all the beautiful flowers that had started to bloom.

As the weather became warmer, Nain opened the cupboard again. Seren asked, "Will it snow soon? Shall we take out my snow boots?"

"It doesn't usually snow in summer," said Nain.



Seren put the summer clothes into her drawers, leaving her snow boots in the cupboard.



Summer brought lots of different weather. When it was sunny, Seren went to the beach. When lightning and thunder filled the sky, Seren watched from her room.

As the days grew colder, Nain opened the cupboard to fetch some warmer clothes. "Will it snow soon?" Seren asked again. "Shall we take out my snow boots?"

"It doesn't usually snow in autumn," said Nain.



Seren put the autumn clothes into her drawers, leaving her snow boots in the cupboard.



Autumn brought lots of different weather. When it rained, Seren splashed in the puddles in her wellies. When it was windy, Seren watched the colourful leaves swirling around.

As the nights became longer, Nain opened the cupboard again. "Will it snow soon?" Seren asked. "Shall we take out my snow boots?"

"Well, it is winter," said Nain. "It could snow any day now!"



Seren grinned as she put her snow boots near the door.



Winter brought lots of different weather but one day... it snowed! Finally, Seren had everything she needed to build the perfect snowgirl.

Questions

1.	Whi	ch is the first season we see in the story? Tick one .
	\bigcirc	winter
	Ŏ	summer
	Ŏ	spring
2.	Who	at does Seren keep asking Nain about? Tick one .
	\bigcirc	her dog
	$\widetilde{\bigcirc}$	her snow boots
	Ŏ	her book
3.	Who	at does Seren try to make in each season? Tick one .
		a cake
	Ŏ	a snowgirl
	Ŏ	a cup of tea
4.	Whe	ere do Seren and Nain go in the summer? Tick one .
	\bigcirc	to the park
	Ŏ	to the beach
	\bigcirc	to school
5.	Inw	hich season does Seren get to wear her snow boots? Tick one .
	\bigcirc	autumn
	$\widetilde{\bigcirc}$	winter
	Ŏ	spring
	_	

Questions

1.	. Which of these is a season? Tick one .					
	January autumn September					
2.	What does Seren want to do throughout the story?					
3.	Name four things Seren tries to make a snowgirl out of.					
4.	. Write the numbers 1 to 4 in the boxes to show the order of the seasons in the story.					
	summer					
	winter					
	autumn					
	spring					
ō.	Winter brought lots of different weather but one day it snowed! Why do you think an exclamation mark is used here?					
6.	How do you think Seren feels at the end of the story? Why?					

What Can You See at School?

Write some sentences about the picture.



Example: He is ringing the bell.

Colour in the picture when you have finished.

Little Red Riding Hood

W	b	u	b	а	S	k	е	t	9
0	f	į	p	h	а	С	W	j	а
o	а	p	p	l	е	С	0	q	l
d	j	a	t	l	y	0	l	С	i
С	k	а	l	t	b	t	f	i	t
u	q	l	0	g	u	t	S	а	t
t	С	b	X	n	n	а	m	u	l
t	е	u	W	V	Z	9	r	p	е
е	r	е	d	а	p	е	p	е	d
r	y	i	g	r	а	n	d	m	а

wolf apple basket log grandma woodcutter cottage bun red little

Ronald the Rhino

Ronald the Rhino is so big and strong. In the Javan Forest is where he belongs. His dusky grey skin is very well worn. At the front of his head is a beautiful horn.



He eats fallen fruits from the damp forest floor, But Ronald is sad; he longs for much more.

"Why am I special?" he says with a tear. "I live by myself, I have no friends here." "All of the animals have a grand trait, Something unique that makes them just great."

"I've got it!" he cries, with a smile on his face, And he wiggles and jiggles all over the place.

"I'll be a leopard with beautiful spots, All yellowish fur and dark brownish dots." Ronald sets off to hatch out his plan, And through the dense forest his eyes start to scan.

He soon finds some mud, all sticky and wet. "Great!" Ronald says, "I'll have my spots yet!"

He starts right away, painting on patches, Using his horn to scoop mud up in batches.

As soon as he's finished, he admires work, But high in the trees, Leopard does lurk.



"What are you doing?" Leopard asks with a grin.

"You've mud in great patches all over your skin!"



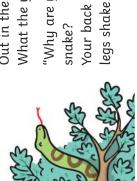
"I want to be like you, with spots on my face, To sleep in a tree; to run, leap and race!" "You can't be a leopard, you're too big and grey. You're a Javan rhino in every way!"



Ronald looks sad, unsure what to do. He lets out a sigh, he's feeling so blue. "Why am I special?" he says with a tear. "I live by myself, I have no friends here." "All of the animals have a grand trait. Leopard has spots that make him just great."

"I've got it!" he cries, with a smile on his face, And he wiggles and jiggles all over the place. "I'll be a python, my body so strong, With smooth patterned skin and a tongue nice and long!"

He starts right away and gets down on the ground. He slides through the mud with a terrible sound. But as Ronald moves, he lets out a wail; His body is sore and bent round like a snail.



Out in the bushes, now Python can see What the young rhino is trying to be.

"Why are you moving around like a snake?

Your back is all bent; I saw your legs shake!"

Ronald the Rhino



Slowly and smoothly sliding around." "I want to be like you, on the rough

"You can't be a python, your skin is

Your horn is too hard and your feet too rough,

are too tough.

Ronald sits down, his head hanging low. What could he be? He just doesn't know. 'Why am I special?" he says with a tear.

Python slides smoothly, which makes him "I live by myself, I have no friends here. All of the animals have a grand trait. just great."



So they cook up a plan to cheer up their chum. Leopard and Python see Ronald so glum,

"We've got it!" they say, looking down at his face. Ronald wiggles and jiggles all over the place.

His eyes sparkle brightly – he's a real charmer! His skin is tough and looks like great armour,



The animals love him, as you may have guessed. His legs are so strong and his horn is the best.



Ronald the Rhino



His eyes shining bright as his feet dance about. "I want to be like him!" Ronald cries out,

This mystery animal that might change his mind. So into the forest they set off to find

They come to a clearing, with few trees around,

With a beautiful stream; no one to be found. Leopard says with a smile, "He lives just down there.

Across the wet ground, he approaches with care.



His heart all aflutter, his brow lined and creased. Ronald moves closer to look at the beast,

He looks hard for a moment, his eyes flashing fast. The water is silty with mud flowing past

Leopard and Python could cry, they're so proud. He stops as he sees it and then gasps out loud.

'By golly,

He grins at the animal that he can see,

It's wonderfully... It's amazing,



Questions

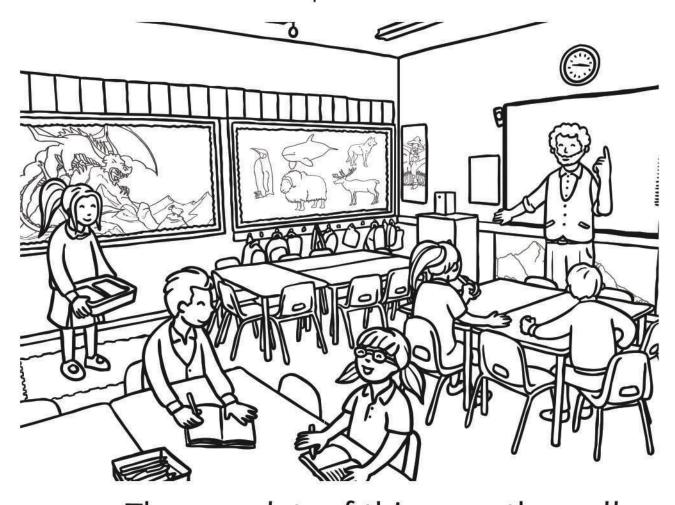
1.	Who	it kind of animal is Ronald? Tick one .			
	$\bigcirc\bigcirc\bigcirc\bigcirc$	a snake a leopard a rhino			
2.	How	does Ronald feel at the start of the story? Tick one .			
		angry sad bored			
3.	Who	at does Ronald use to paint spots on his body? Tick one .			
	$\bigcirc\bigcirc\bigcirc\bigcirc$	berries water mud			
′ ₊ .	Who	is the mystery animal that Ronald finds in the water?	Tick	one.	
	$\bigcirc\bigcirc\bigcirc\bigcirc$	an elephant a bird himself			
5.		nber the events below to show the order in which they h y. The first one has been done for you.	арр	en in the	
	Ror	ald crawls on the floor like a python.			
	Ronald's friends take him to a stream.				
	Ror	ald sees himself in the water.			
	Ror	ald paints spots on his body to look like a leopard.	1		

Questions

1.	Describe how Ronald feels at the start of the story.			
2.	Which of these words is another word for 'spe unique beautiful trait	ecial'?		
3.	Which two animals does Ronald try to copy?			
4.	Draw lines to complete the sentences below.			
	You can't be a leopard, you're too	horn is the best.		
	You can't be a python, your skin	big and grey.		
	His legs are so strong and his	• is too tough.		
5.	Find and write three adjectives from the story	J.		
6.	Why is Ronald happy when he sees himself in	the water?		

What Can You See in the Classroom?

Write some sentences about the picture.



5_____

Colour in the picture when you have finished.

Write a Letter to Granny

The Wolf wants to say sorry to Little Red Riding Hood's granny. Use the space below to write a letter that The Wolf might send.

E E	Ose title space below to write a tetter	Wolf's Den The Woods Diddle Dumpling WO 1LF
- -	Dear Granny	
1		
-		
-	Sincerely, The Wolf	

Read and Interpret Mathematical Statements Involving Addition

Look carefully at the sums below. Are they right or wrong? Use dots to check and then mark the sums with a tick or a cross. An example has been done for you. If you find any mistakes, correct them!

Example:

Answer: Wrong! 5 is correct.

Answer: Correct!

Questions:

2+1=3

2----4+2=5-

3—1+3=5

Answer:

Answer:

Answer:

6+2=8

9----4+5=7-

6—2+2+1=5

Answer:

Answer:

Answer:

0-3+4+1=10

3—8+3=11

9—5=2+3

Answer:

Answer:

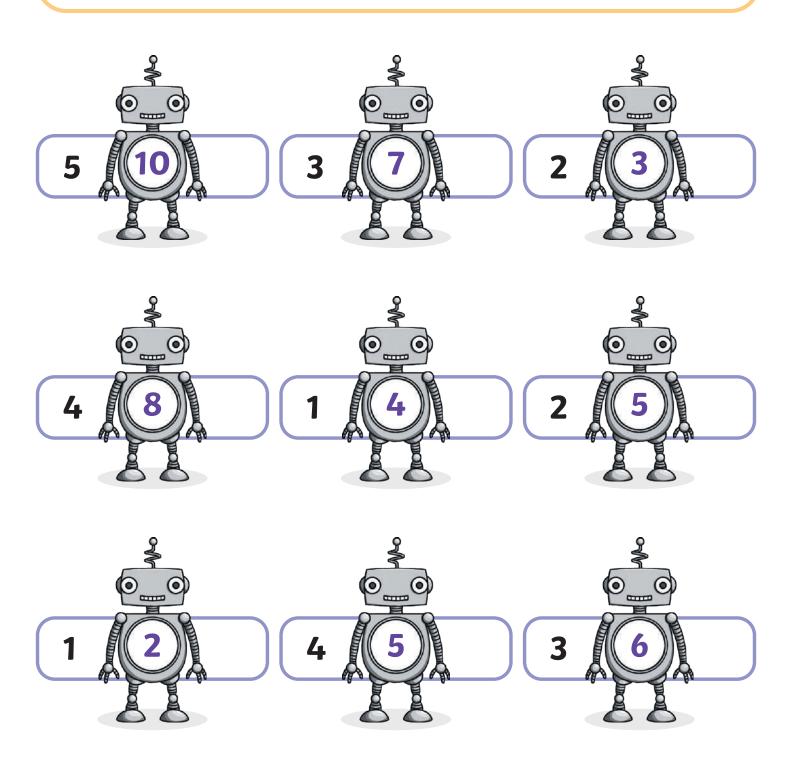
Answer:

10—6+7=12

Answer:

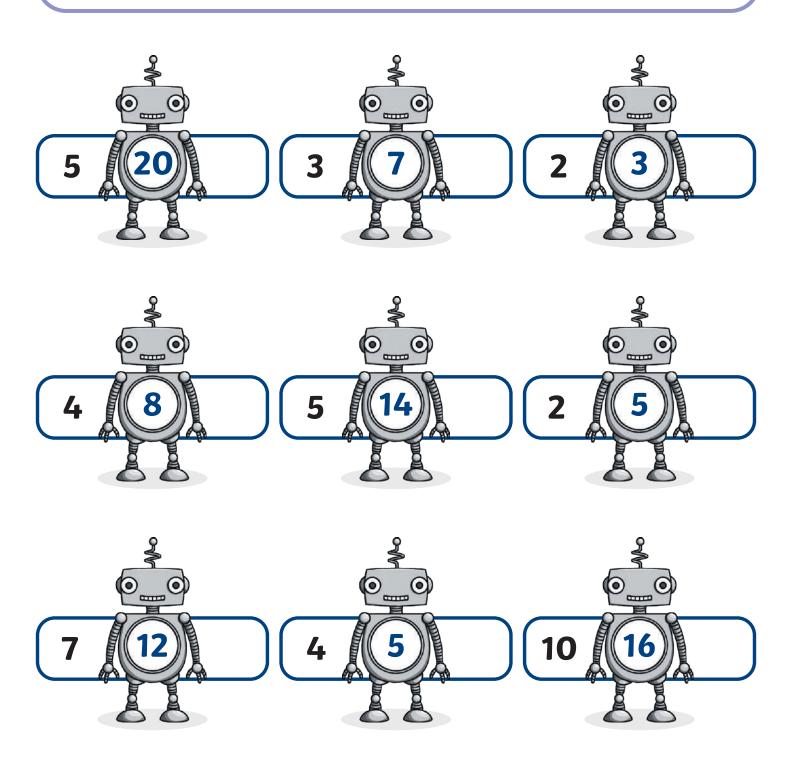
Mixed Number Bonds to 10 on Robots Worksheet 1

Can you find the missing number bond to make the number in the robot's tummy?



Mixed Number Bonds to 20 on Robots Worksheet 1

Can you find the missing number bond to make the number in the robot's tummy?



Addition to 20 on a Number Line Sheet 1

Example:

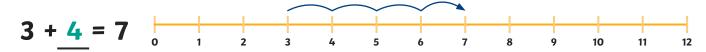


Questions:



Missing Number Calculations with a Number Line - 1

Example:



Questions



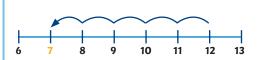


Addition and Subtraction to 20 with a Number Line - 1

Can you work out the answer and draw a picture or write a sentence about it? The first one is done for you.

Example:







My dad buys 12 eggs but breaks 5 of them. How many eggs does he have left?

Questions:







Name: ___ Date: Find and colour all of the number sentences that equal:

Name:	Date:
Find and	d colour all of the
number se	entences that equal:
	1+5 4+7 4+5 6+4
1+9	1+5 4+7 4+5 6+4
0490	45 2+4 Q+2 5+7
943 I	15 2+4 9+2 5+7 7+3 2+9 9+1 1+4 3+7 6+4 3+4 9+3
8+2 °	3+5 10+0 5+5 0+5 2+4 4+4 1+5 0+6
545	254 454 945 040

Ronald the Rhino Maths Mosaic

Addition

Solve the maths problems to reveal the hidden picture. Each answer has a special colour:

16 = yellow 7 = white 12 = pink 18 = brown 10 = black

0+7	4+3	2+5	1+6	7+0	4+3	3+4	5+2	3+4
3+4	0+16	11+5	6+1	2+5	1+6	3+13	10+6	5+2
5+2	14+2	4+12	7+9	10+6	4+14	8+8	2+14	0+7
16+2	1+15	13+3	10+6	16+0	7+9	9+7	14+2	11+5
5+11	6+10	7+3	9+7	5+11	13+3	9+1	3+13	3+15
14+2	12+4	5+11	16+0	4+6	9+7	13+3	12+4	3+13
5+13	6+10	6+6	10+6	2+14	5+11	4+8	8+8	12+4
6+10	10+6	15+1	11+1	9+3	7+5	5+11	10+6	6+10
6+1	7+9	14+2	9+7	7+9	8+8	1+15	17+1	7+0
7+0	1+6	12+6	1+15	14+2	6+10	13+3	2+5	4+3



one	ten	nineteen	
two	eleven	twenty	
three	twelve	thirty	
four	thirteen	forty	hundred
five	fourteen	fifty	thousand
six	fifteen	sixty	million
seven	sixteen	seventy	
eight	seventeen	eighty	
nine	eighteen	ninety	

n Z υm С 0 g i q h n y m b b b X m y m i g y m e d h d 0 g W t У

Ronald the Rhino Maths Mosaic



Multiplication

Solve the maths problems to reveal the hidden picture. Each answer has a special colour:

$$30 = pink$$

$$20 = grey$$

$$blue = 40$$

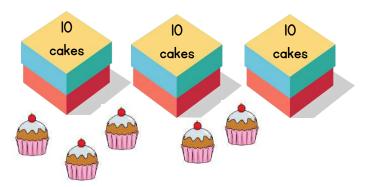
8 × 5	10 × 4	8 × 5	4 × 10	5 × 8	10 × 4	10 × 2	5 × 8	5 × 4
4 × 10	5 × 8	2 × 10	8 × 5	10 × 4	5 × 8	5 × 4	10 × 2	4 × 5
10 × 4	4 × 5	10 × 2	5 × 8	4 × 10	5 × 4	4 × 5	4 × 5	2 × 10
8 × 5	5 × 4	4 × 5	4 × 5	5 × 4	4 × 5	12 × 5	10 × 2	4 × 5
5 × 4	10 × 2	5 × 4	10 × 2	4 × 5	5 × 4	4 × 5	2 × 10	10 × 2
10 × 2	2 × 10	5 × 4	4 × 5	5 × 4	2 × 10	10 × 2	4 × 5	5 × 4
3 × 10	5 × 6	10 × 3	6 × 5	5 × 4	2 × 10	4 × 5	5 × 4	4 × 5
5 × 4	10 × 2	4 × 5	4 × 5	5 × 4	4 × 5	10 × 2	4 × 5	10 × 2
4 × 10	5 × 4	2 × 10	10 × 2	4 × 5	5 × 4	10 × 2	2 × 10	4 × 5
5 × 8	4 × 10	10 × 4	5 × 8	8 × 5	4 × 5	10 × 2	4 × 5	10 × 2

Year 2 Place Value Assessment

How many cookies are there?



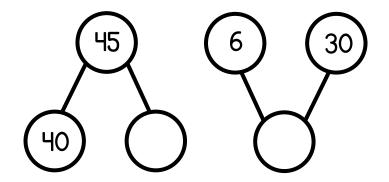
How many cakes are there altogether?



2 Match the numerals to the correct word.

13 Thirty30 Thirty-three33 Thirteen

3 Complete the part-whole models.



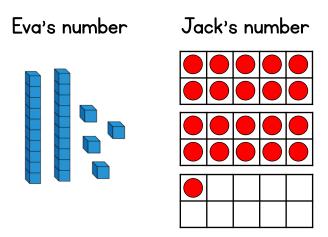
Circle the greatest number.

18 27 33 I9 23

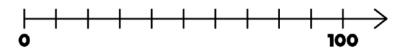
5 Complete the boxes to make the statements correct.



6 Draw more counters on the ten frame so that Eva's number and Jack's number are equal.



7 Draw an arrow to show 35 on the number line.



8 Which word completes the sentence correctly?

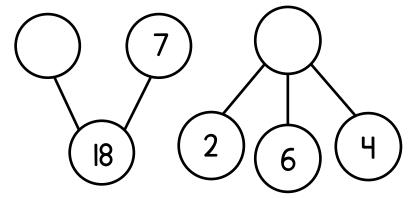
more less

3 tens is _____ than 2 tens and 12 ones.

Write a number to make the statement correct.

Addition and Subtraction

Complete the part-whole models.



2 Use the bar model to complete the number sentences.

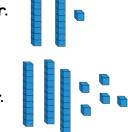
25	
18	7

$$7 + \boxed{ } = 25 \boxed{ } - \boxed{ } = 18$$

3 Complete the missing boxes.

IO less	Number	IO more
	fifteen	twenty-five

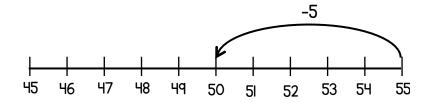
4 Jack makes this number.



Meg makes this number.

What is the total of their numbers?

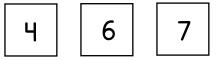
5 Amir is working out 55 - 8 = He uses a number line.



Complete Amir's method.

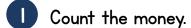
- 6 Circle two numbers which total 100
 - 35 45 55 65 75
- 7 Dan has 28 grapes.He eats I2 grapes.How many grapes are left?

8 Here are three digit cards.



Use the cards to find two different ways to complete the number sentence.

Money



























Mo has this coin.



Alex has these coins.







Who has the most money?

Match the money to the correct amount.



£IO



£20



£5

Tick coins that make 6lp











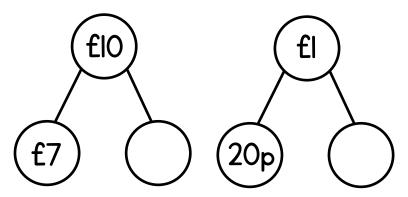




A bag costs £35 A coat costs £62

How much more does the coat cost?

6 Complete the part-whole models.



7 Eva has 80p.
Dora has 12p **more** than Eva.
Circle the coins Dora has.



8 Amir has 4 different coins in his money box.
He has less than 60p altogether.
Tick 4 different coins which could be in his money box.









Here is a café price list for sandwiches.

Cheese	32p
Egg	29p
Chicken	35p
Jam	33p

Tommy buys two sandwiches.

The total cost is 65p.

Which two sandwiches does he buy?

and
4.14

Rosie buys a jam sandwich.

She pays with a single coin.

She receives 17p change.

What coin did she use to pay?

Multiplication

Complete the sentences.







There are _____ equal groups of 5 bananas.



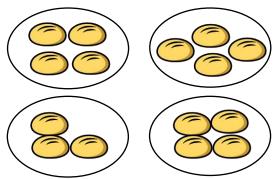






There are _____ equal groups of _____ fish.

2 Tick the group that is **not** equal to the others.















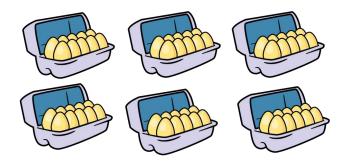
Complete the addition sentence to work out how many apples in total.

Complete the multiplication sentence to work out how many applies in total.

 \P Complete the bar model to show $7 \times 5 =$

			_	
5	5	5	 	

5 Each box contains 10 eggs.



How many eggs are there altogether?

eggs

6 Jack makes an array with cubes.



Write **two** different number sentences using \times and = to represent Jack's array.

7 Fill in the missing numbers.

8 Harry has 6 of these coins.



He also has II of these coins.

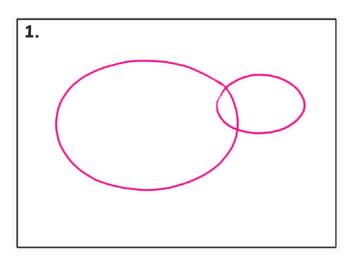


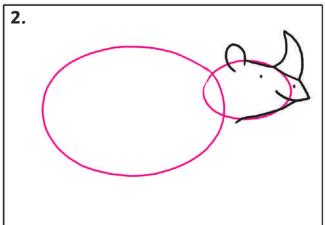
How much money does he have in total?

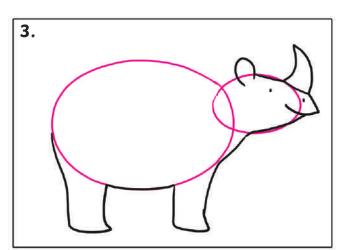
Step by Step Guide

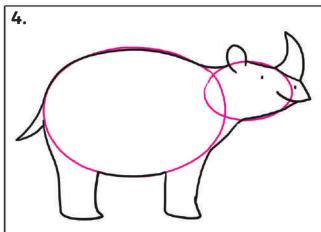
Drawing Characters from Ronald the Rhino

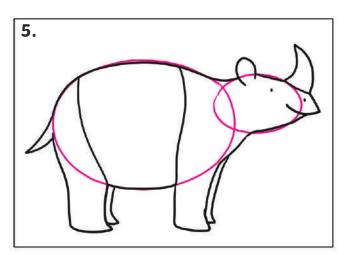
Ronald the Rhino

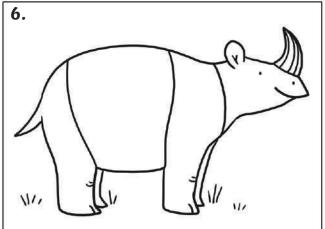








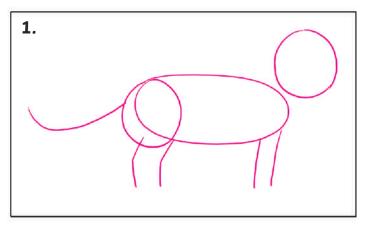


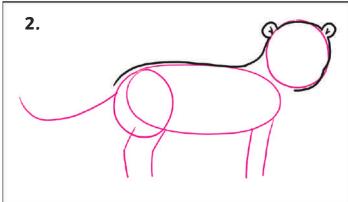


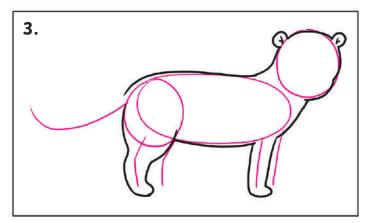
Step by Step Guide

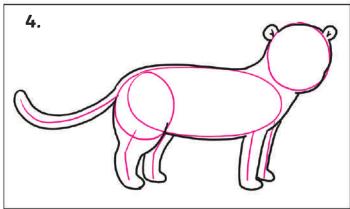
Drawing Characters from Ronald the Rhino

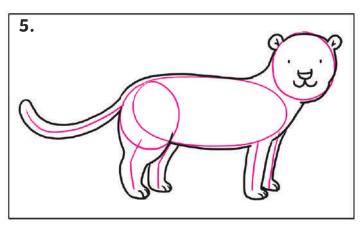
The Leopard

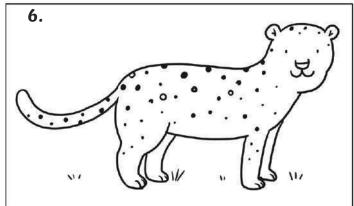












Seren's Seasons Seren's Seasons

Answers

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- winter
- summer
- spring
- 2. What does Seren keep asking Nain about? Tick one.
- her dog
- her snow boots
- her book
- 3. What does Seren try to make in each season? Tick one.
- a cake
- a snowgirl
- a cup of tea
- 4. Where do Seren and Nain go in the summer? Tick one.
- to the park
- \bigcirc to the beach
- to school
- 5. In which season does Seren get to wear her snow boots? Tick one.
- autumn
- winter
- spring

Answers

- 1. Which of these is a season? Tick one.
- January
- S autumn
- September
- 2. What does Seren want to do throughout the story?

Build a snowgirl. / Wear her snow boots.

- 3. Name four things Seren tries to make a snowgirl out of.
- Accept any four from the following: clouds, mud, sand, pillows, water/puddles, leaves, snow.
- 4. Write the numbers 1 to 4 in the boxes to show the order of the seasons in the story.

2	summer
7	winter
3	autumn
1	spring

- Accept answers related to Seren's excitement or the fact it has finally 5. Winter brought lots of different weather but one day... it snowed! Why do you think an exclamation mark is used here? snowed after Seren has waited for so long.
- Children's own answers related to Seren being happy that she can 6. How do you think Seren feels at the end of the story? Why? finally make a snowgirl.

Answers

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What bind of animal is Ronald? Tich one
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What kind of animal is Ronald?	
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a leopard a snake

a rhino

2. How does Ronald feel at the start of the story? Tick one.

	angry
(\bigcirc

sad

bored

3. What does Ronald use to paint spots on his body? Tick one.

berries

water

mud

4. Who is the mystery animal that Ronald finds in the water? Tick one.

an elephant

a bird

himself

5. Number the events below to show the order in which they happen in the story. The first one has been done for you.

Ronald crawls on the floor like a python.	2
Ronald's friends take him to a stream.	က
Ronald sees himself in the water.	7
Ronald paints spots on his body to look like a leopard.	1

Answers

- 1. Describe how Ronald feels at the start of the story. sad, lonely, upset, or similar.
- 2. Which of these words is another word for 'special'?

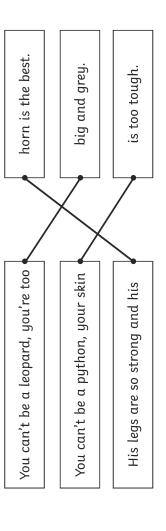
✓ unique

beautiful

trait

3. Which two animals does Ronald try to copy? Leopard / a leopard and Python / a python

4. Draw lines to complete the sentences below.



- patterned, nice, long, terrible, sore, bent, young, rough, hard, tough, beautiful, damp, sad, special, grand, unique, great, yellowish, dark brownish, dense, sticky, wet, high, unsure, blue, smooth, low, glum, best, bright, lined, creased, silty, proud, amazing. Accept any three from: big, strong, dusky, grey, well worn, 5. Find and write three adjectives from the story.
- creature that Python and Leopard described is Ronald himself! Accept answers about Ronald being happy that the amazing 6. Why is Ronald happy when he sees himself in the water?

Read and Interpret Mathematical Statements Involving Addition

Look carefully at the sums below. Are they right or wrong? Use dots to check and then mark the sums with a tick or a cross. An example has been done for you. If you find any mistakes, correct them!

Can you find the missing number bond to make the number in the

robot's tummy?

Mixed Number Bonds to 10 on Robots

Worksheet 1

Example:



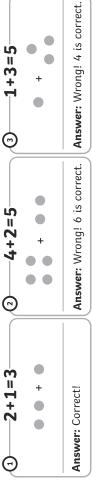
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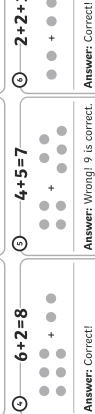
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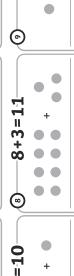
2

Questions:



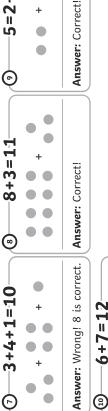


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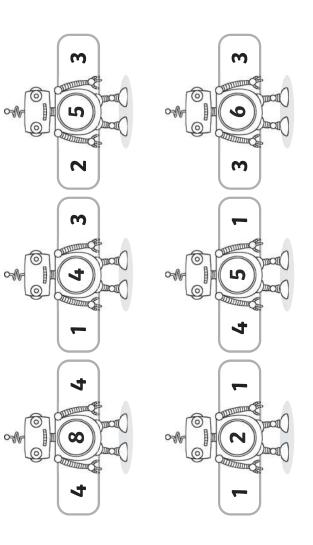
Ó

5=2+3



Answer: Wrong! 13 is correct.

⑶



Mixed Number Bonds to 20 on Robots Worksheet 1

Addition to 20 on a Number Line

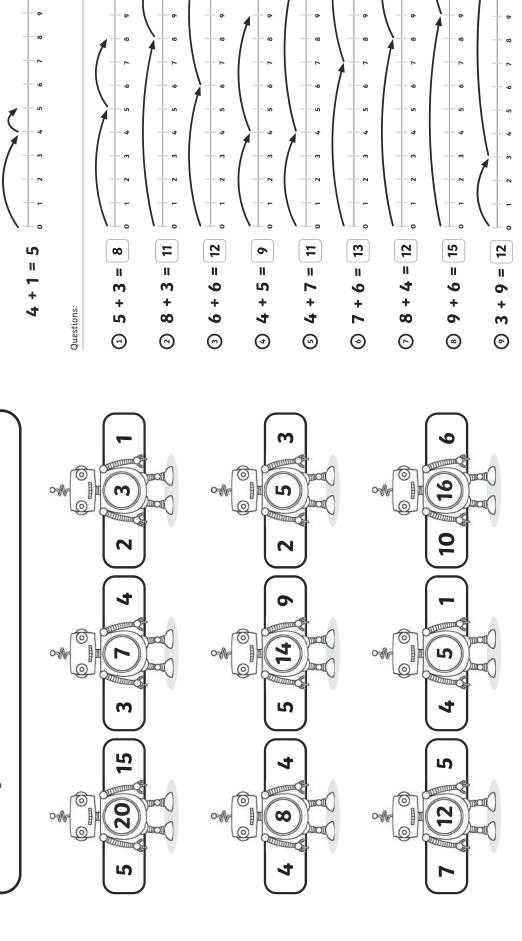
Sheet 1

Example:

Can you find the missing number bond to make the number in the robot's tummy?

15

10



15

7

5

4

14

 $\overline{\omega}$

5

10

14

13

9

10

12 13

2+10 = 12

(2)

Missing Number Calculations with a Number Line - 1

Example:

Questions

$$\boxed{0.7-4=3}$$

<u>(-)</u>

 ∞

<u>@</u>

Addition and Subtraction to 20 with a Number Line - 1

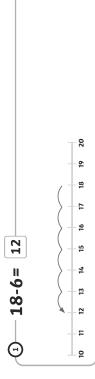
Can you work out the answer and draw a picture or write a sentence about it? The first one is done for you.

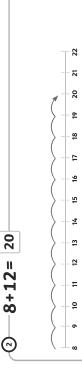
Example:

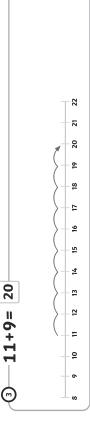
12

My dad buys 12 eggs but breaks 5 of them. How many eggs does he have left?

Questions:



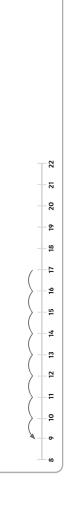




6

17-8=

ூ



Place Value Assessment

How many cookies are there?







How many cakes are there altogether?



3 Complete the part-whole models.

13

30

33

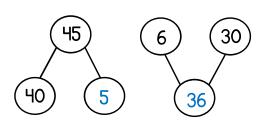
Match the numerals to the correct word.

Thirty

Thirty-three

Thirteen

23



Circle the greatest number.

18 27 (33) 19

5 Complete the boxes to make the statements correct.

I more than 35 is



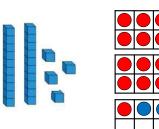
10 less than 82

82 is 72

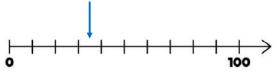
Jack's number

6 Draw more counters on the ten frame so that Eva's number and Jack's number are equal.

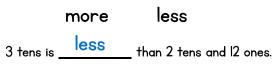
Eva's number



7 Draw an arrow to show 35 on the number line.



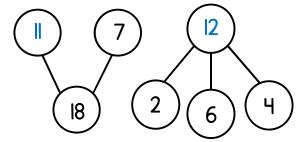
8 Which word completes the sentence correctly?



Write a number to make the statement correct. Any number more than 32 and less than 40.

Addition and Subtraction

Complete the part-whole models.



2 Use the bar model to complete the number sentences.

25	
18	7

$$7 + \boxed{18} = 25 \boxed{25} - \boxed{7} = 1$$

3 Complete the missing boxes.

IO less	Number	I0 more		
		23 Also accept written in words or drawn in Base 10		
5 Also accept written in words or drawn in Base 10	fifteen	twenty-five		

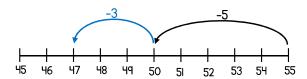
Jack makes this number.

Meg makes this number.

What is the total of their numbers?

56

Amir is working out 55 - 8 = He uses a number line.



Complete Amir's method.

Also accept other jumps which total 3 (e.g. -2 and -1) as long as jumps end at 47

6 Circle two numbers which total 100



Also accept 35 and 65

16

7 Dan has 28 grapes.
He eats 12 grapes.
How many grapes are left?

8 Here are three digit cards.



Use the cards to find two different ways to complete the number sentence.

Money

Count the money.











р

23 p











Mo has this coin.



Alex has these coins.



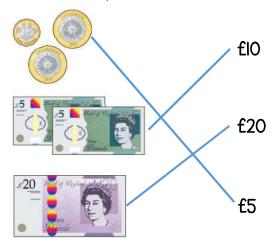




Who has the most money?

Мо

3 Match the money to the correct amount.



😗 Tick coins that make 6lp











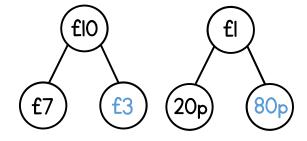


5 A bag costs £35 A coat costs £62 Accept either 20 + 20 + 10 + 1or 50 + 10 + 1

How much more does the coat cost?

27

6 Complete the part-whole models.



7 Eva has 80p. Dora has I2p **more** than Eva. 50 + 20 + 20 +Circle the coins Dora has.

Accept either 50 + 20 + 10 +











8 Amir has 4 different coins in his money box. He has less than 60p altogether. Tick 4 different coins which could be in his money box.



Here is a café price list for sandwiches.

Cheese	32p
Egg	29p
Chicken	35p
Jam	33p

Tommy buys two sandwiches.

The total cost is 65p.

Which two sandwiches does he buy?

Jam Cheese and

Rosie buys a jam sandwich.

She pays with a single coin.

She receives 17p change.

What coin did she use to pay?

50 p

Multiplication

Omplete the sentences.







There are 3 equal groups of 5 bananas.



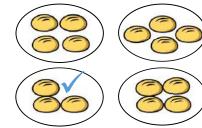






There are ____ equal groups of ____ fish.

Tick the group that is not equal to the others.



3











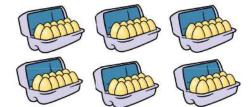
Complete the addition sentence to work out how many apples in total.

Complete the multiplication sentence to work out how many applies in total.

Complete the bar model to show $7 \times 5 =$

35								
5	5	5	5	5	5	5		

5 Each box contains 10 eggs.



How many eggs are there altogether?

60 eggs

6 Jack makes an array with cubes.



Write **two** different number sentences using \times and = to represent Jack's array.

Award I mark for two correct number sentences.

$$2 \times 7 = 14$$
$$7 \times 2 = 14$$

$$14 = 2 \times 7$$

 $14 = 7 \times 2$

7 Fill in the missing numbers.

$$0 \times 10 = \boxed{0}$$

$$60 = \boxed{12} \times 5$$

8 Harry has 6 of these coins.



He also has II of these coins.



How much money does he have in total?

$$6 \times 5p = 30p$$
$$11 \times 2p = 22p$$

Award I mark for correct multiplications or repeated additions..

Total: 52p

Award 2 marks for a correct answer of 52 pence.

52 pence

Ronald the Rhino Maths Mosaic Answers

Addition

Solve the maths problems to reveal the hidden picture. Each answer has a special colour:

$$16 = yellow$$
 $7 = white$ $12 = pink$ $18 = brown$ $10 = black$

3+4	5+2	0+7	11+5	3+15	3+13	12+4	6+10	0+2	7+3
5+2	10+6	2+14	14+2	3+13	12+4	8+8	10+6	17+1	2+5
3+4	3+13	8+8	2+6	9+1	13+3	7+8	5+11	1+15	13+3
4+3	1+6	4+14	6+2	13+3	6+7	5+11	7+5	8 + 8	6+10
7+0	2+5	10+6	16+0	5+11	9+5	2+14	6+3	6+2	14+2
1+6	6+1	6+2	10+6	6+7	16+0	10+6	11+1	2+6	1+15
2+5	11+5	4+12	13+3	7+3	5+11	9+9	15+1	14+2	12+6
4+3	0+16	14+2	1+15	6+10	12+4	6+10	10+6	6+2	1+6
0+7	3+4	5+2	16+2	5+11	14+2	5+13	6+10	6+1	7+0

Ronald the Rhino Maths Mosaic (A)

Answers

Multiplication

Solve the maths problems to reveal the hidden picture. Each answer has a special colour:

$$30 = pink$$
 $20 = grey$ $50 = white$ $60 = black$ blue = 40

7 × 5	4 × 5	2 × 10	4 × 5	10 × 2	5 × 4	4 × 5	10 × 2	4 × 5	10 × 2
5 × 8	10 × 2	4 × 5	10 × 2	2 × 10	4 × 5	5 × 4	4 × 5	2 × 10	4 × 5
10 × 2	5 × 4	4 × 5	12 × 5	4 × 5	10 × 2	4 × 5	10 × 2	10 × 2	10 × 2
10 × 4	5 × 8	5 × 4	4 × 5	5 × 4	2 × 10	2 × 10	4 × 5	5 × 4	4 × 5
5 × 8	10 × 4	4 × 10	5 × 4	4 × 5	5 × 4	5 × 4	5 × 4	4 × 5	8 × 5
4 × 10	8 × 5	5 × 8	4 × 5	10 × 2	4 × 5	6 × 5	4 × 5	10 × 2	5 × 8
8 × 5	2 × 10	10 × 2	4 × 5	5 × 4	5 × 4	10 × 3	4 × 5	2 × 10	10 × 4
10 × 4	5 × 8	4 × 5	5 × 4	10 × 2	2 × 10	5 × 6	10 × 2	5 × 4	4 × 10
8 × 5	4 × 10	10 × 4	8 × 5	5 × 4	10 × 2	3 × 10	5 × 4	4 × 10	5 × 8